

Subject card

Subject name and code	Victim in criminal law - lecture, PG_00131400						
Field of study	Criminology						
Date of commencement of studies	October 2024	Academic year of realisation of subject				2026/2027	
Education level	Bachelor's studies	Subject group				Obligatory subject group in the field of study	
Mode of study	full-time studies	Mode of delivery				at the university	
Year of study	3	Language of instruction				Polish	
Semester of study	5	ECTS credits				2.0	
Learning profile	academic	Assessment form				credit	
Conducting unit	Faculty of Law and Administration -> Rector						
Name and surname of lecturer (lecturers)	Subject supervisor		dr Marta Flis-Świeczkowska				
	Teachers						
Lesson types	Lesson type	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Project	Seminar	SUM
	Number of study hours	20.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	20
	E-learning hours included: 0.0						
Learning activity and number of study hours	Learning activity	Participation in didactic classes included in study plan		Participation in consultation hours		Self-study	SUM
	Number of study hours	20		0.0		30.0	50
Subject objectives	To impart knowledge of criminal law, criminal procedural law and victimology with regard to the issues of participants in criminal proceedings - including primarily the victim. Assimilation and comprehension by students of the general principles of the criminal process; understanding and assimilation of the conceptual grid of, among others, victim, victimizer, subsidiary accuser, private prosecutor, and freely navigating through it. To know the basic regulations of criminal procedural law and to be able to interpret and apply the provisions contained therein.						

Learning outcomes	Course outcome	Subject outcome	Method of verification
	[KRYML3_UU02] He/she can use basic theoretical knowledge in the field of criminology and related disciplines in order to analyze, interpret and solve problems related to criminology.	Students are able to use their knowledge of criminology and related scientific disciplines to formulate and interpret basic problems related to criminology.	[SU4] test/exam - oral or written
	[KRYML3_KK06] He/she is aware of the need to expand competences and professional qualifications and is able to set the direction of his/her own development and education independently.	The student is aware of the need to expand professional competencies and qualifications, as well as improve skills, is able to independently determine the directions of his own development and education.	[SK4] test/exam - oral or written
	[KRYML3_WG01] The graduate demonstrates fundamental knowledge of the nature of legal disciplines and crime, their place in the system of sciences and their mutual relations.	The student has a basic and structured knowledge of the nature of legal science, its place in the system of sciences and its relationship to other sciences.	[SW4] test/exam - oral or written
	[KRYML3_KR07] The graduate is ready to take up professional challenges and is characterized by persistence in the implementation of individual and team activities in the field of criminology and related disciplines.	The student is ready to take on professional challenges in the field of criminology and related sciences.	[SK4] test/exam - oral or written
	[KRYML3_UW07] He/she has the ability to understand and analyze social phenomena and use this analysis in professional work.	The student has the ability to cooperate and work interdisciplinarily with those with whom he works.	[SU4] test/exam - oral or written
	[KRYML3_UW06] He/she can see and analyze moral and legal dilemmas in professional work.	The student recognizes and considers moral and legal dilemmas that arise in professional work.	[SU4] test/exam - oral or written
	[KRYML3_UW05] He/she is able to use legal and professional principles and standards of law and profession in his/her work as a criminologist.	In the professional work undertaken, the student is able to proficiently use rules and norms.	[SU4] test/exam - oral or written
	[KRYML3_UK02] He/she is prepared to participate actively in groups, organizations and institutions related to criminology broadly understood, especially prevention and combating of crime, and at the same time he/she is able to communicate with people who are not specialists in criminology.	The student is ready to actively participate in groups, organizations and institutions that carry out professional activities related to criminology, at the same time he is able to communicate with people who are and are not specialists in the field of study.	[SK4] test/exam - oral or written
	[KRYML3_UU03] He/she can acquire knowledge independently and develop his/her professional skills, using various sources (in native and foreign language) and modern technologies.	Using a variety of sources, the student is able to independently acquire knowledge and develop his skills.	[SU4] test/exam - oral or written
	[KRYML3_WG04] He/she demonstrates elementary knowledge of the subject of regulation of individual branches of law related to the field of study.	The student has a basic knowledge of the regulation of various legal branches related to the field of study.	[SW4] test/exam - oral or written
	[KRYML3_KK01] The graduate is aware of the level of his/her knowledge and skills and understands the need for lifelong learning.	The student is aware of his knowledge, and recognizes the need for lifelong learning.	[SK4] test/exam - oral or written
	[KRYML3_WG02] The graduates knows the basic terminology and basic concepts in the field of law, criminology and related sciences.	The student knows the basic terminology and concepts of law, criminology and related sciences.	[SW4] test/exam - oral or written

Subject contents	<p>1. Basic principles of the criminal trial.2. Participants in the process and their categories.3. The victim in the Polish criminal process.4. Standards of protection of the rights of the victim in the light of acts of international law and EU law.5. Rights and obligations of the wronged party.6. Child as a victim in the Polish criminal process.7. Wronged person in other legal systems.8. Wronged party in juvenile proceedings.9. Attorney as a representative of the wronged party in the criminal process.</p>		
Prerequisites and co-requisites			
Assessment methods and criteria	Subject passing criteria	Passing threshold	Percentage of the final grade
	test	51.0%	100.0%
Recommended reading	Basic literature	<p>C. Kulesza, Rights of the child victim of crime in the Polish justice system in light of European standards, Warsaw 2024A. Bułat, A. Kilinska-Pękacz et al. Crimes against children. Legal and criminological perspective, EuroPrawo Publishing Institute 2023E. Bieńkowska, Victimology, WKP 2018K. Wozniewski, Criminal procedural law. Outline of institutions, current editionS. Waltoś, P. Hofmański, Criminal trial, current editionInterrogation of a minor witness. A guide for professionals. FDDS, Warsaw 2018A. Budzyńska, O. Trocha, Child participating in criminal procedures, (ed.) L. Mazowiecka, WKP 2015 A. Z. Krawiec, Minor victim in the Polish criminal process, Toruń 2012M. Kornak, A minor as a witness in a criminal trial, WKP 2009</p>	
	Supplementary literature	<p>System of Criminal Trial Law, Volume VI, Parties and other participants in criminal proceedings, JPC 2016 System of Criminal Trial Law, Volume III, Principles of criminal trial, WKP 2014</p>	
	eResources addresses		
Example issues/ example questions/ tasks being completed			
Work placement	Not applicable		

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