

Subject card

Subject name and code	Cybercrime and cybersecurity - lecture, PG_00132852						
Field of study	Criminology						
Date of commencement of studies	October 2024	Academic year of realisation of subject			2025/2026		
Education level	Master's studies	Subject group			Obligatory subject group in the field of study		
Mode of study	full-time studies	Mode of delivery			at the university		
Year of study	2	Language of instruction			Polish		
Semester of study	3	ECTS credits			2.0		
Learning profile	academic	Assessment form					
Conducting unit	Faculty of Law and Administration -> Rector						
Name and surname of lecturer (lecturers)	Subject supervisor		mgr Patryk Ciurak				
	Teachers						
Lesson types	Lesson type	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Project	Seminar	SUM
	Number of study hours	30.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	30
	E-learning hours included: 0.0						
Learning activity and number of study hours	Learning activity	Participation in didactic classes included in study plan		Participation in consultation hours		Self-study	SUM
	Number of study hours	30		0.0		20.0	50
Subject objectives	Students learn about the legal, procedural and technical aspects of information technology crimes and become familiar with the basic principles and mechanisms of information systems security, as well as the legal norms governing the use of computers etc. and ICT networks.						

Learning outcomes	Course outcome	Subject outcome	Method of verification
	[KRYMMU2_UW01] The graduate utilizes theoretical knowledge in the field of criminology and the related scientific disciplines to analyze and interpret problems connected with widely understood crime	The student is able to find information from literature, the Internet and other sources in the field of information systems security, interpret the aforementioned information, draw conclusions and formulate and justify opinions, prepare security policy for the organisation.	[SU1] oral statement/conversation/discussion [SU4] test/exam - oral or written [SU5] implementation of a problem task
	[KRYMMU2_WG01] The graduate demonstrates widened knowledge about legal science and related penal sciences, their the place in the system of sciences and mutual relation	The student is familiar with the dangers of using computers and IT networks, the principles of IT systems security management, the dangers of loss of privacy, the principles of intellectual property protection and the basics of patent and copyright law.	[SW4] test/exam - oral or written [SW1] oral statement/conversation/discussion [SW5] implementation of a problem task
	[KRYMMU2_WG04] The graduate demonstrates widened knowledge about various types of crime and the ways of preventing crime	The student is able to find information from literature, the Internet and other sources in the field of information systems security, interpret the aforementioned information, draw conclusions and formulate and justify opinions, prepare security policy for the organisation.	[SW4] test/exam - oral or written [SW1] oral statement/conversation/discussion [SW5] implementation of a problem task
	[KRYMMU2_UK02] He/she is prepared for active participation in groups, organizations and institutions connected with the problem of crime and other related phenomena. He/she is also able to communicate with specialists and non-specialists in criminology	The student does not abuse information systems by violating other people's privacy, do not commit criminal or unethical acts related to the use of computers and information networks, do not use software to which they have not acquired rights.	[SK1] oral statement/conversation/discussion [SK4] test/exam - oral or written [SK5] implementation of a problem task
	[KRYMMU2_KR05] The graduate is ready to prepare and participate in the preparation of social projects taking into consideration legal, economic and political aspects, including the preparation and implementation of projects co-financed by the European Union's funds	The student does not abuse information systems by violating other people's privacy, do not commit criminal or unethical acts related to the use of computers and information networks, do not use software to which they have not acquired rights.	[SK1] oral statement/conversation/discussion [SK4] test/exam - oral or written [SK5] implementation of a problem task
	[KRYMMU2_UW05] He/she is able to assess the usefulness of typical procedures and good practice to carry out tasks connected with various spheres of criminology	The student is familiar with the dangers of using computers and IT networks, the principles of IT systems security management, the dangers of loss of privacy, the principles of intellectual property protection and the basics of patent and copyright law.	[SU1] oral statement/conversation/discussion [SU4] test/exam - oral or written [SU5] implementation of a problem task
	[KRYMMU2_UW04] He/she can apply legal and professional principles and norms in taking up the activity of criminologist	The student is familiar with the dangers of using computers and IT networks, the principles of IT systems security management, the dangers of loss of privacy, the principles of intellectual property protection and the basics of patent and copyright law.	[SU1] oral statement/conversation/discussion [SU4] test/exam - oral or written [SU5] implementation of a problem task
	[KRYMMU2_KR08] He/ she is aware of the level of own knowledge and skills, and understands the need for lifelong learning	The student is able to find information from literature, the Internet and other sources in the field of information systems security, interpret the aforementioned information, draw conclusions and formulate and justify opinions, prepare security policy for the organisation.	[SK1] oral statement/conversation/discussion [SK4] test/exam - oral or written [SK5] implementation of a problem task
	[KRYMMU2_KK01] The graduate is aware of the level of his/her knowledge and skills, and also understands the need of lifelong learning	The student is able to find information from literature, the Internet and other sources in the field of information systems security, interpret the aforementioned information, draw conclusions and formulate and justify opinions, prepare security policy for the organisation.	[SK1] oral statement/conversation/discussion [SK4] test/exam - oral or written [SK5] implementation of a problem task

	Course outcome	Subject outcome	Method of verification
	[KRYMMU2_UW02] He/she acquires knowledge independently and develops his/her professional skills using various sources (in native and foreign language) and modern technologies	The student is able to find information from literature, the Internet and other sources in the field of information systems security, interpret the aforementioned information, draw conclusions and formulate and justify opinions, prepare security policy for the organisation.	[SU1] oral statement/conversation/discussion [SU4] test/exam - oral or written [SU5] implementation of a problem task
Subject contents	<p>1. Computer identification on the network: MAC addresses, IP addresses (static, dynamic; private, public), domain whois, network whois, DHCP, NAT, ports, ISP, ICP, IAP, domain (subdomain), hosting, cloud services, role of DNS servers, operator identification.</p> <p>2. Accountability of Internet activities: connection anonymisation, Proxy, VPN, TOR network, Darknet, e-mail anonymisation</p> <p>3. Identification of the elements of computer crime. Examples of cybercrime tools and methods: identity theft, spoofing, passwords and static access data, phishing, man-in-the-middle, spam, whaling (CEO Fraud), misinformation, fake news, SQL/HTML Injection, formjacking, exploit kits, darknet and blockchain</p>		
Prerequisites and co-requisites			
Assessment methods and criteria	Subject passing criteria	Passing threshold	Percentage of the final grade
	test	51.0%	100.0%
Recommended reading	Basic literature	<p>J. Kosiński, Paradygmaty cyberprzestępczości, Difin, Warszawa 2015</p> <p>C.Banasiński, M.Rojszczak, Cyberbezpieczeństwo wyd. 2, WoltersKluwer, Warszawa 2023</p> <p>F.Wołoski, J.Zawiła-Niedźwiecki, Bezpieczeństwo systemów informacyjnych, edu-Libri, Warszawa 2012</p>	
	Supplementary literature	<p>K. Chałubińska-Jentkiewicz, F. Radoniewicz, T. Zieliński. Cybersecurity in Poland: legal aspects. Springer 2021</p> <p>M. Sajdak (red.), Wprowadzenie do bezpieczeństwa IT. Tom 1, Securitem 2024</p> <p>M. Sajdak (red.), Wprowadzenie do bezpieczeństwa IT. Tom 2, Securitem 2025</p> <p>D.Lisiak-Felicka, M.Szmit, Cyberbezpieczeństwo administracji publicznej w Polsce. Wybrane zagadnienia, IASF, Kraków 2016, ss. 222; https://www.netcomplex.pl/blog/wp-content/uploads/2016/04/Cyberbezpieczenstwo_Lisiak_Felicka_Szmit.pdf</p> <p>D.Siemieniecka, M.Skibińska, K.Majewska, Cyberagresja zjawisko, skutki, zapobieganie, UMK 2020, ss. 198; https://wydawnictwo.umk.pl/products/5275/cyberagresja-zjawisko-skutki-zapobieganie</p> <p>M.Szmit, Wybrane zagadnienia opiniowania sądowo-informatycznego, Wyd. II, PTI, Warszawa 2014; ss. 238; https://historiainformatyki.pl/historia/dokument.php?nonav=&nrrar=6&nrzesp=6&sygn=V%2F1%2F7&handle=1&folder=1</p> <p>J.Wasilewski, Cyberprzestępczość wybrane aspekty prawnokarne oraz kryminalistyczne, Uniw. w Białymstoku, Białystok 2018, ss. 429; https://repozytorium.uwb.edu.pl/jspui/bitstream/11320/6538/1/J_Wasilewski_Cyberprzestepczosc.pdf</p> <p>Białas Andrzej, Bezpieczeństwo informacji i usług w nowoczesnej instytucji i firmie, WNT 2007</p> <p>PN-I-13335:1999, Wytuczne do zarządzania bezpieczeństwem systemów informatycznych</p>	
	eResources addresses	Adresy na platformie eNauczanie:	
Example issues/ example questions/ tasks being completed			
Work placement	Not applicable		

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