

Subject card

Subject name and code	Business Law II - auditorium classes, PG_00133750						
Field of study	Taxes and Tax Consultancy						
Date of commencement of studies	October 2024	Academic year of realisation of subject			2025/2026		
Education level	Bachelor's studies	Subject group			Obligatory subject group in the field of study		
Mode of study	full-time studies	Mode of delivery			at the university		
Year of study	2	Language of instruction			Polish -		
Semester of study	4	ECTS credits			3.0		
Learning profile	academic	Assessment form			credit		
Conducting unit	Faculty of Law and Administration -> Rector						
Name and surname of lecturer (lecturers)	Subject supervisor		mgr Olga Zinkiewicz-Będźmirowska				
	Teachers		dr Robert Obrzud				
Lesson types	Lesson type	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Project	Seminar	SUM
	Number of study hours	0.0	30.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	30
	E-learning hours included: 0.0						
Learning activity and number of study hours	Learning activity	Participation in didactic classes included in study plan		Participation in consultation hours		Self-study	SUM
	Number of study hours	30		0.0		45.0	75
Subject objectives	Presenting listeners with a general overview of the legal requirements related to conducting business activity, both in terms of public and private law. Presenting the basic legal forms of conducting business activity along with the key differences between them, as well as familiarizing listeners with the structure of selected popular types of contracts concluded by entrepreneurs. Presentation of legal forms of cooperation between entrepreneurs and presentation of the role of regulatory authorities.						

Learning outcomes	Course outcome	Subject outcome	Method of verification
	<p>[PiDPL3_U01] The graduate can use theoretical knowledge in the field of tax law, accounting and the related disciplines in order to formulate and solve complex problems that may occur in this area, especially complex validation and interpretation problems in the field of tax law, tax analysis and accounting</p>	<p>Student: is able to use basic theoretical knowledge in the field of business law and related scientific disciplines to analyze and interpret issues related to business law and management; is able to use theoretical knowledge in the field of tax law and accounting and related scientific disciplines through the appropriate selection of sources (including, in particular, normative acts, doctrinal literature, and case law) and the information derived from them, and to evaluate, critically analyze, and synthesize this information using appropriate methods and tools (including advanced information and communication technologies), which enables them to perform tasks that are not fully predictable, including, in particular, solving validation and interpretation problems related to the application of business law, is able to apply legal, professional, and ethical principles and standards in their activities, is able to recognize and analyze moral and legal dilemmas in their professional work, has the ability to understand and analyze economic and social phenomena and to use this analysis in their professional work.</p>	<p>[SU1] oral statement/conversation/discussion [SU4] test/exam - oral or written</p>
	<p>[PiDPL3_K01] The graduate understands the complexity of problems occurring in the field of tax law, finance and accounting and related disciplines, and therefore is ready to assess the problems critically. He/she understands the importance of knowledge in solving cognitive and practical problems and - in case of difficulties with solving the problem independently - consulting experts in tax law, finance, accounting and related disciplines (especially scientists, expert tax advisors, lawyers dealing with disciplines other than tax law and balance sheet), and, if necessary, also expert specialists in disciplines other than legal and economic sciences</p>	<p>Student: is aware of the level of their knowledge and skills, understands the need for lifelong learning, prepares for their work responsibly, is able to set priorities at work and plan their work appropriately, is aware of the need to expand their professional competences and qualifications, as well as improve their skills, is able to independently set directions for their own development and education, understands the complexity of issues in the field of tax law, finance, and accounting, as well as related disciplines, and is therefore ready to critically evaluate their knowledge and the content they receive in this area.</p>	<p>[SK1] oral statement/conversation/discussion [SK4] test/exam - oral or written</p>

	Course outcome	Subject outcome	Method of verification
	<p>[PiDPL3_W03] He/she has elementary knowledge of the subject of regulation of selected branches of law, other than the law of public tributes</p>	<p>Student: has basic knowledge of commercial law and public economic law has basic knowledge of commercial law companies has basic knowledge and understands the concepts describing the most important economic phenomena and understands the basic processes occurring in a market economy has basic knowledge of the types of social bonds and the principles governing them knows methods and tools, including techniques for obtaining and analyzing data and information, relevant to commercial law and public economic law has basic, structured knowledge of the processes of change in social structures and institutions and their elements, as well as the consequences of these changes knows and understands the basic concepts and principles of industrial property protection has elementary knowledge of the principles of creating and developing basic forms of individual entrepreneurship.</p>	<p>[SW4] test/exam - oral or written [SW1] oral statement/conversation/discussion</p>
	<p>[PiDPL3_U02] He/she is able to use theoretical knowledge in the field of tax law, accounting and related disciplines through the proper selection of sources (including in particular normative acts, doctrinal literature and jurisprudence) and information derived from them, he/she is able to carry out assessment, critical analysis and synthesis of this information, using appropriate methods and tools (including advanced information and communication techniques) - which enables performing tasks that are not fully predictable, in particular solving validation and interpretation problems related to the application of tax law, as well as problems of tax analysis and accounting</p>	<p>Student: is able to use basic theoretical knowledge in the field of business law and related scientific disciplines to analyze and interpret issues related to business law and management; is able to use theoretical knowledge in the field of tax law and accounting and related scientific disciplines through the appropriate selection of sources (including, in particular, normative acts, doctrinal literature, and case law) and the information derived from them, and to evaluate, critically analyze, and synthesize this information using appropriate methods and tools (including advanced information and communication technologies), which enables them to perform tasks that are not fully predictable, including, in particular, solving validation and interpretation problems related to the application of business law, is able to apply legal, professional, and ethical principles and standards in their activities, is able to recognize and analyze moral and legal dilemmas in their professional work, has the ability to understand and analyze economic and social phenomena and to use this analysis in their professional work.</p>	<p>[SU1] oral statement/conversation/discussion [SU4] test/exam - oral or written</p>
	<p>[PiDPL3_W07] He/she has elementary knowledge of the principles of creating and developing basic forms of individual entrepreneurship and taxing such activities</p>	<p>Student: has basic knowledge and understands concepts describing the most important economic phenomena and understands the basic processes occurring in a market economy has basic knowledge of the types of social bonds and the principles governing them.</p>	<p>[SW4] test/exam - oral or written [SW1] oral statement/conversation/discussion</p>

Course outcome	Subject outcome	Method of verification
[PiDPL3_U04] He/she can take part in a debate on the problems of applying tax law, finance and accounting - present and evaluate various opinions and positions, in particular with regard to different interpretations of the provisions of the law of public tributes and discuss them	Student: is able to use basic theoretical knowledge in the field of business law and related scientific disciplines to analyze and interpret issues related to business law and their management.	[SU1] oral statement/conversation/discussion [SU4] test/exam - oral or written
[PiDPL3_K03] He/she is ready to think and act in an entrepreneurial way, with particular emphasis on the specificity of professional activities of a tax advisor and the possibility of using tax optimization rules	Student: is aware of their level of knowledge and skills, and understands the need for lifelong learning.	[SK1] oral statement/conversation/discussion [SK4] test/exam - oral or written
[PiDPL3_U06] He/she can plan and organize work individually and in a team, as well as cooperate with other people as part of team work, in particular relevant for the application of tax and balance sheet law (also interdisciplinary work, in particular legal and economic)	Student: is able to use basic theoretical knowledge in the field of business law and related scientific disciplines to analyze and interpret issues related to business law and management; is able to use theoretical knowledge in the field of tax law and accounting and related scientific disciplines through the appropriate selection of sources (including, in particular, normative acts, doctrinal literature, and case law) and the information derived from them.	[SU1] oral statement/conversation/discussion [SU4] test/exam - oral or written
[PiDPL3_U07] He/she can plan and implement independently the need for lifelong learning	Student: has the ability to understand and analyze economic and social phenomena and to use this analysis in their professional work.	[SU1] oral statement/conversation/discussion [SU4] test/exam - oral or written
[PiDPL3_K02] He/she is ready to fulfill social obligations, including co-organizing activities for taxpayers and professional self-government of tax advisers, and to initiate activities for the public interest, including in particular balancing the divergent interests of taxpayers and tax authorities	Student: prepares for work responsibly, is aware of the need to expand their professional skills and qualifications, and improves their abilities; is able to independently set directions for their own development and education.	[SK1] oral statement/conversation/discussion [SK4] test/exam - oral or written
[PiDPL3_W06] He/she knows and understands the basic concepts and principles of industrial property protection and copyright	Student: knows and understands the basic concepts and principles of industrial property protection.	[SW4] test/exam - oral or written [SW1] oral statement/conversation/discussion
[PiDPL3_W04] He/she has elementary knowledge and knows the terms describing the most important economic and social phenomena, understands the basic processes taking place in market economy, understands the basic dilemmas of modern civilization	Student: has basic knowledge of commercial law and public economic law.	[SW4] test/exam - oral or written [SW1] oral statement/conversation/discussion
[PiDPL3_U03] The graduate can communicate using specialized legal, financial and tax terminology	Student: is able to use basic theoretical knowledge in the field of business law and related scientific disciplines to analyze and interpret issues related to business law and their management.	[SU1] oral statement/conversation/discussion [SU4] test/exam - oral or written

Subject contents	<p>Introduction to business law The place of business law among legal branches and disciplines The relationship between business law and civil law Sources of business law The concept of an entrepreneur Proxy and entrepreneur's business name Civil law effects of business registration Civil law partnership Partnerships General partnership Professional partnership Limited partnership Limited joint-stock partnership Capital companies Limited liability company Simple joint-stock company Joint-stock company Merger, division, and transformation of companies Groups of companies (holdings) European company and European Economic Interest Grouping Cooperative under Polish and European law General issues of commercial contracts Types of commercial contracts Features of commercial contracts Commercial contracts in commodity trading, with particular emphasis on international sales Contracts for the use of property (leasing) Agreements for the use of property and rights (licensing, know-how, franchising) Banking activities (bank account agreement, bank loan and credit agreement, documentary letter of credit) Commercial agency agreements (agency, commission, dealership) Agreements in the field of transport (transport agreement, forwarding agreement) Factoring and forfaiting Securities in commercial transactions Bankruptcy and restructuring proceedings for entrepreneurs</p>		
Prerequisites and co-requisites			
Assessment methods and criteria	Subject passing criteria	Passing threshold	Percentage of the final grade
	test	51.0%	100.0%
Recommended reading	Basic literature	W. Katner, Prawo gospodarcze i handlowe, Warszawa 2020,	
	Supplementary literature	A. Witosz, Prawo gospodarcze dla ekonomistów, Warszawa 2015	
	eResources addresses		
Example issues/ example questions/ tasks being completed	-		
Work placement	Not applicable		

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