

**Subject card**

<b>Subject name and code</b>	Victimology - lecture, PG_00134274						
<b>Field of study</b>	Criminology and Criminal Justice						
<b>Date of commencement of studies</b>	October 2024	<b>Academic year of realisation of subject</b>			2025/2026		
<b>Education level</b>	Bachelor's studies	<b>Subject group</b>			Obligatory subject group in the field of study		
<b>Mode of study</b>	full-time studies	<b>Mode of delivery</b>			at the university		
<b>Year of study</b>	2	<b>Language of instruction</b>			English		
<b>Semester of study</b>	4	<b>ECTS credits</b>			3.0		
<b>Learning profile</b>	academic	<b>Assessment form</b>			exam		
<b>Conducting unit</b>	Faculty of Law and Administration -> Rector						
<b>Name and surname of lecturer (lecturers)</b>	<b>Subject supervisor</b>		dr Beata Czarnecka-Dzialuk				
	<b>Teachers</b>		dr Beata Czarnecka-Dzialuk				
<b>Lesson types</b>	<b>Lesson type</b>	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Project	Seminar	SUM
	<b>Number of study hours</b>	30.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	30
	E-learning hours included: 0.0						
<b>Learning activity and number of study hours</b>	<b>Learning activity</b>	Participation in didactic classes included in study plan		Participation in consultation hours		Self-study	SUM
	<b>Number of study hours</b>	30		0.0		45.0	75
<b>Subject objectives</b>	getting students acquainted with achievements of victimology - discipline that exerts influence on development of criminology and on re-modelling contemporary criminal justice systems						

Learning outcomes	Course outcome	Subject outcome	Method of verification
	[CCJL3_UU03] He/she is able to acquire knowledge independently, learn and develop his/her professional skills, using various sources (in the native and foreign language) and modern technologies	students can on their own search for information on victimization scope and results and on possibilities to find help for crime victims - also on the web pages of institutions and organizations in the country and international	[SU1] oral statement/conversation/discussion [SU4] test/exam - oral or written [SU6] demonstration of practical skills
	[CCJL3_UW02] He/she can use his/her knowledge in the field of criminology and related scientific disciplines in order to formulate and interpret basic problems related to criminology, as well as the functioning of the national and international judiciary	student is able to use victimological knowledge to interpret problems of the criminal justice systems - state and international	[SU1] oral statement/conversation/discussion [SU4] test/exam - oral or written
	[CCJL3_WG02] He/she has extended knowledge of the set of elementary facts, simple concepts and the relationship between selected natural and social phenomena in the field of penal sciences	student has knowledge on scope and results of victimization, on possibilities of helping crime victims and on reacting on crime that takes into account interest of crime victims that in the same time does not inflict the rights of the perpetrator	[SW4] test/exam - oral or written [SW1] oral statement/conversation/discussion
	[CCJL3_UW01] He/she can observe and interpret correctly phenomena that appear in the area of etiology and phenomenology of crime, universal for various societies, analyzes their connections with various areas of criminology	student recognizes conditions enhancing risk of victimization (including socio-cultural, economic politic) and is able to bound them with causes and forms of criminality	[SU1] oral statement/conversation/discussion [SU4] test/exam - oral or written
	[CCJL3_WG04] He/she has fundamental knowledge of various types of social structures and institutions (cultural, political, legal, economic), in particular their essential elements	student has basic knowledge on different agencies and organizations whose activities influence situation of crime victims, on possibilities of delivering them information and various kinds of support	[SW4] test/exam - oral or written [SW1] oral statement/conversation/discussion
	[CCJL3_UW05] He/she is able to use theoretical knowledge to solve typical problems related to criminology and the functioning of the national and international justice	student is able to use theoretical knowledge on victimization and its results and on victims' rights to solve matters relating to crime victims in criminal proceedings and in activities various institutions and organizations	[SU1] oral statement/conversation/discussion [SU4] test/exam - oral or written
	[CCJL3_KU02] The graduate is prepared to participate actively in groups, organizations and institutions related to broadly understood criminology and judiciary, and at the same time is able to communicate with people who are and are not specialists in criminology.	student is prepared to accept crime victims perspective while being active in various roles - in criminal justice system agencies, in organizations dealing with broadly understood criminology (especially those dealing in favour of crime victims) as well as everyday life situations of meeting those harmed by the offense	[SK1] oral statement/conversation/discussion [SK4] test/exam - oral or written
	[CCJL3_KK01] He/she is aware of his/her level of knowledge and skills, as well as understands the need for lifelong learning.	student is aware of the level of his/hers knowledge and skills and understands the need to develop knowledge on changing legal and practical situation of crime victims	[SK1] oral statement/conversation/discussion [SK4] test/exam - oral or written
	[CCJL3_KK06] The graduate can participate in the preparation of social, civic, legal and economic projects related to the field of study.	student is sensible on crime victims situation and knows problems of institutions and organizations that influence it.	[SK1] oral statement/conversation/discussion [SK4] test/exam - oral or written
	[CCJL3_UK8] He/she can, in a basic scope, formulate statements using specialized terminology characteristic of criminology and related disciplines, present opinions in this area and discuss them	student can present views on the situation of crime victims and discuss on factors influencing its change	[SU1] oral statement/conversation/discussion [SU4] test/exam - oral or written
	[CCJL3_WG06] The graduate has organized and expanded knowledge of the norms and principles prevailing in structures and institutions related to criminology	student has knowledge on legal regulations and international standards of dealing with crime victims in institutions dealing with criminology matters	[SW4] test/exam - oral or written [SW1] oral statement/conversation/discussion

	Course outcome	Subject outcome	Method of verification
	[CCJL3_WG07] He/she has basic knowledge of man, in particular as an entity constituting social structures and the principles of their functioning, as well as acting in these structures	student has knowledge on people harmed in result of crime - on possible causes and effects of their victimization	[SW4] test/exam - oral or written [SW1] oral statement/ conversation/discussion
Subject contents	<p>Development of victimology</p> <p>Criminal victimization - concepts</p> <p>Victims, movement</p> <p>International standards of victims, rights</p> <p>Penal reactions bearing in mind the interest of the victim</p> <p>Justice for crime victims - traditional or restorative?</p>		
Prerequisites and co-requisites	basic knowledge on criminology		
Assessment methods and criteria	Subject passing criteria	Passing threshold	Percentage of the final grade
	exam - test plus case; discussion during lectures	51.0%	100.0%
Recommended reading	Basic literature	<p>~Gerd Ferdinand Kirchhoff: Victims criminal justice system (in): L. Mazowiecka W. Klaus, A. Tarwacka :Z problematyki wiktyologii. Księga dedykowana Profesor Ewie Bieńkowskiej, Warszawa 2017</p> <p>E. Fattah: Victimology: Past, Present and Future, Criminologie Volume 33, Number 1, Spring 2000, p. 17-46 <a href="https://www.researchgate.net/publication/271178636_Victimology_Past_Present_and_Future">https://www.researchgate.net/publication/271178636_Victimology_Past_Present_and_Future</a></p> <p>J.K. Wilson: The Praeger Handbool of Victimology <a href="https://upplice.gov.in/writereaddata/uploaded-content/Web_Page/18_11_2013_16_50_38_HB_Victimology.pdf">https://upplice.gov.in/writereaddata/uploaded-content/Web_Page/18_11_2013_16_50_38_HB_Victimology.pdf</a></p> <p>Other recommended during lectures and/or shared</p>	
	Supplementary literature	international documents relating to crime victims rights	
	eResources addresses	<p>Basic</p> <p><a href="https://www.researchgate.net/publication/271178636_Victimology_Past_Present_and_Future">https://www.researchgate.net/publication/271178636_Victimology_Past_Present_and_Future</a> - E. Fattah: Victimology: Past, Present and Future</p> <p><a href="https://upplice.gov.in/writereaddata/uploaded-content/Web_Page/18_11_2013_16_50_38_HB_Victimology.pdf">https://upplice.gov.in/writereaddata/uploaded-content/Web_Page/18_11_2013_16_50_38_HB_Victimology.pdf</a> - J.K. Wilson: The Praeger Handbool of Victimology</p>	
Example issues/ example questions/ tasks being completed	Victim,s contribution to offense - victimological perspective vs criminal law perspective		
Work placement	Not applicable		

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