

**Subject card**

<b>Subject name and code</b>	International Criminal Justice - auditorium classes, PG_00134257						
<b>Field of study</b>	Criminology and Criminal Justice						
<b>Date of commencement of studies</b>	October 2024	<b>Academic year of realisation of subject</b>			2025/2026		
<b>Education level</b>	undergraduate studies	<b>Subject group</b>			Obligatory subject group in the field of study		
<b>Mode of study</b>	full-time studies	<b>Mode of delivery</b>			at the university		
<b>Year of study</b>	2	<b>Language of instruction</b>			English		
<b>Semester of study</b>	4	<b>ECTS credits</b>			1.0		
<b>Learning profile</b>	academic	<b>Assessment form</b>					
<b>Conducting unit</b>	Faculty of Law and Administration -> Rektor						
<b>Name and surname of lecturer (lecturers)</b>	<b>Subject supervisor</b>		mgr Dawid Marko				
	<b>Teachers</b>						
<b>Lesson types</b>	<b>Lesson type</b>	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Project	Seminar	SUM
	<b>Number of study hours</b>	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10
	E-learning hours included: 0.0						
<b>Learning activity and number of study hours</b>	<b>Learning activity</b>	Participation in didactic classes included in study plan		Participation in consultation hours		Self-study	SUM
	<b>Number of study hours</b>	10		0.0		15.0	25
<b>Subject objectives</b>	Providing basic knowledge on international criminal law, in particular basic principles of international criminal law, directions of its development, and areas of cooperation.						

Learning outcomes	Course outcome	Subject outcome	Method of verification
	[CCJL3_UW06] He/she can use theoretical knowledge to see and analyze moral and legal dilemmas in professional work related to the functioning of the national and international justice	Is able to use theoretical knowledge to perceive and analyse moral as well as legal dilemmas in professional work related to the functioning of national and international justice.	[SU1] oral statement/conversation/discussion [SU4] test/exam - oral or written [SU5] implementation of a problem task
	[CCJL3_WG06] The graduate has organized and expanded knowledge of the norms and principles prevailing in structures and institutions related to criminology	Has a structured and expanded knowledge of the norms and rules of structures and institutions related to international criminal law.	[SW4] test/exam - oral or written [SW1] oral statement/conversation/discussion [SW5] implementation of a problem task
	[CCJL3_WG04] He/she has fundamental knowledge of various types of social structures and institutions (cultural, political, legal, economic), in particular their essential elements	Has a basic knowledge of different types of social structures and institutions (cultural, political, legal, economic), in particular their relevant elements, relevant to international criminal law.	[SW4] test/exam - oral or written [SW1] oral statement/conversation/discussion [SW5] implementation of a problem task
	[CCJL3_UW01] He/she can observe and interpret correctly phenomena that appear in the area of etiology and phenomenology of crime, universal for various societies, analyzes their connections with various areas of criminology	Is able to make observations and appropriate interpretations of phenomena that are universal to different societies and that emerge in the area of the aetiology and phenomenology of crime, and analyses their links with the area of the functioning of international criminal law.	[SU1] oral statement/conversation/discussion [SU4] test/exam - oral or written [SU5] implementation of a problem task
	[CCJL3_WG02] He/she has extended knowledge of the set of elementary facts, simple concepts and the relationship between selected natural and social phenomena in the field of penal sciences	Has an extended knowledge of a set of elementary facts, simple concepts and relationships between selected natural and social phenomena in the field of penal sciences, taking into account the specificity of international crimes.	[SW4] test/exam - oral or written [SW1] oral statement/conversation/discussion [SW5] implementation of a problem task
	[CCJL3_KK06] The graduate can participate in the preparation of social, civic, legal and economic projects related to the field of study.	Knows how to participate in the preparation of social, civic, legal and economic projects related to international criminal law.	[SK1] oral statement/conversation/discussion [SK4] test/exam - oral or written [SK5] implementation of a problem task
	[CCJL3_UK8] He/she can, in a basic scope, formulate statements using specialized terminology characteristic of criminology and related disciplines, present opinions in this area and discuss them	Is able to formulate statements using specialist terminology characteristic of international criminal law and related disciplines to a basic extent, to present opinions, positions and to discuss them.	[SU1] oral statement/conversation/discussion [SU4] test/exam - oral or written [SU5] implementation of a problem task
	[CCJL3_UW05] He/she is able to use theoretical knowledge to solve typical problems related to criminology and the functioning of the national and international justice	Can apply theoretical knowledge to solve typical problems relating to the practice of international criminal justice.	[SU1] oral statement/conversation/discussion [SU4] test/exam - oral or written [SU5] implementation of a problem task
	[CCJL3_KU02] The graduate is prepared to participate actively in groups, organizations and institutions related to broadly understood criminology and judiciary, and at the same time is able to communicate with people who are and are not specialists in criminology.	Is prepared to actively participate in groups, organisations and institutions related to international criminal law and international criminal justice in its broadest sense, while being able to communicate with professionals and non-specialists in the field.	[SK1] oral statement/conversation/discussion [SK4] test/exam - oral or written [SK5] implementation of a problem task
	[CCJL3_KK01] He/she is aware of his/her level of knowledge and skills, as well as understands the need for lifelong learning.	Is aware of the level of his/her knowledge and skills in international criminal law and its constantly evolving nature, and understands the need for lifelong learning.	[SK1] oral statement/conversation/discussion [SK4] test/exam - oral or written [SK5] implementation of a problem task
	[CCJL3_UW02] He/she can use his/her knowledge in the field of criminology and related scientific disciplines in order to formulate and interpret basic problems related to criminology, as well as the functioning of the national and international judiciary	Is able to use his/her knowledge of criminology and related disciplines to formulate and interpret basic theoretical problems in criminology as well as in the functioning of national and international justice system.	[SU1] oral statement/conversation/discussion [SU4] test/exam - oral or written [SU5] implementation of a problem task

	Course outcome	Subject outcome	Method of verification
	[CCJL3_WG07] He/she has basic knowledge of man, in particular as an entity constituting social structures and the principles of their functioning, as well as acting in these structures	Has a basic knowledge of the human being, in particular as a subject constituting social structures and the rules of their functioning, and acting within these structures, taking into account the perspective of international criminal law.	[SW4] test/exam - oral or written [SW1] oral statement/ conversation/discussion [SW5] implementation of a problem task
Subject contents	<p>Concept of justice and crime in international law. Objectives of the international criminal justice  Legal grounds of the international criminal law.  International criminal justice in the historical perspective;  development of international criminal law from the perspective of the history of international  criminal prosecutions  International military tribunal, ad hoc Tribunals, the International Criminal Court: structure, composition, competences  Individual criminal responsibility in international law  Principles of international criminal responsibility. Principle of legality and its derivatives  Crime and punishment  Alternatives of judicial justice: amnesties, immunities and mechanisms complementing criminal justice  National prosecutions of international crimes  Workshop: in the form of discussions on recommended text and case-studies  Case-law regarding the concept and elements of international crimes  Case-law concerning the prosecution of individuals for committing crimes</p>		
Prerequisites and co-requisites	Has basic general knowledge of the basics of development and upbringing, knowledge about the need to adequately adapt it to the diverse needs of individuals and groups that exist in conditions of social diversity.		
Assessment methods and criteria	Subject passing criteria	Passing threshold	Percentage of the final grade
	Colloquium (pass-fail test)	51.0%	100.0%
Recommended reading	Basic literature	R. Cryer, H. Friman, D. Robinson, E. Wilmshurst, An Introduction to International Criminal Law and Procedure, Cambridge University Press 2010, second ed. or newer	
	Supplementary literature	1.M.C. Bassiouni, Introduction to International Criminal Law, Transnational Publishers 2003;2.A.Cassese, International Criminal Law, Oxford University Press 2008, wydanie drugie,3.R. O'Keefe, International Criminal Law, Oxford University Press 2015.	
	eResources addresses	Adresy na platformie eNauczanie:	
Example issues/ example questions/ tasks being completed	<p>1. Characterise the International Criminal Court. Discuss its structure, composition, powers.</p> <p>2. Define the concept of international crime.</p>		
Work placement	Not applicable		

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