

**Subject card**

<b>Subject name and code</b>	Public international law - lecture, PG_00138638						
<b>Field of study</b>	Law						
<b>Date of commencement of studies</b>	October 2024	<b>Academic year of realisation of subject</b>			2024/2025		
<b>Education level</b>		<b>Subject group</b>			Obligatory subject group in the field of study		
<b>Mode of study</b>	part-time studies	<b>Mode of delivery</b>			at the university		
<b>Year of study</b>	1	<b>Language of instruction</b>			Polish		
<b>Semester of study</b>	2	<b>ECTS credits</b>			5.0		
<b>Learning profile</b>	academic	<b>Assessment form</b>					
<b>Conducting unit</b>	Faculty of Law and Administration						
<b>Name and surname of lecturer (lecturers)</b>	<b>Subject supervisor</b>		dr hab. Katarzyna Łasak				
	<b>Teachers</b>		dr Paulina Zajadło-Węglarz				
<b>Lesson types</b>	<b>Lesson type</b>	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Project	Seminar	SUM
	<b>Number of study hours</b>	20.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	20
	E-learning hours included: 0.0						
<b>Learning activity and number of study hours</b>	<b>Learning activity</b>	Participation in didactic classes included in study plan		Participation in consultation hours		Self-study	SUM
	<b>Number of study hours</b>	20		0.0		105.0	125
<b>Subject objectives</b>	The aim of the course is to provide students with knowledge of public international law and to develop their skills in interpreting public international law.						

Learning outcomes	Course outcome	Subject outcome	Method of verification
	[PRAWOJ5_KR07] The graduate is ready to take up professional challenges, takes up efforts and is persistent in the implementation of individual and group activities in the creation, application or interpretation of legal regulations and related sciences	Student is ready to take on the professional challenges associated with the application of public international law norms.	[SK4] test/exam - oral or written
	[PRAWOJ5_KR05] He/she prepares responsibly to his/her work; can determine priorities in work and plan work appropriately	student appreciates the importance of responsible preparation for working in international institutions	[SK4] test/exam - oral or written
	[PRAWOJ5_UW05] He/she can observe and analyze moral, ethical and legal dilemmas in professional work	student is able to recognize, analyze, and diagnose moral and legal dilemmas in his professional work	[SU4] test/exam - oral or written
	[PRAWOJ5_UW04] He/she efficiently observes and analyzes moral, ethical and legal dilemmas in professional work	student effectively applies legal principles and norms, as well as professional standards, in his professional activities	[SU4] test/exam - oral or written
	[PRAWOJ5_WG05] The graduate demonstrates systematic knowledge about the types of legal relations and the governing regularities	student has organized knowledge of the types of legal relations and the principles governing them	[SW4] test/exam - oral or written
	[PRAWOJ5_UK09] He/she demonstrates wide skills in preparing speeches in the field of law in Polish and foreign language	student possesses advanced skills in preparing oral presentations in both Polish and foreign languages in the field of law and related sciences.	[SU4] test/exam - oral or written
	[PRAWOJ5_WG04] He/she knows the system of Polish law, mutual connections within the system and connections of Polish law with the European Union law and international law	Student is familiar with the system of Polish law, the interconnections within this system, as well as the relationships between Polish law, European Union law, and international law.	[SW4] test/exam - oral or written
	[PRAWOJ5_UW01] He/she has advanced skills in observation and interpretation of social phenomena, analyzes their connections with various areas, activity of legal science and the related disciplines	Student possesses advanced skills in observing and interpreting social phenomena, analyzing their connections with various areas of law and related sciences.	[SU4] test/exam - oral or written
	[PRAWOJ5_KK01] The graduate is deeply aware of the level of his/her knowledge and skills, and also understands the need of lifelong learning	The student is open to expanding their competencies and professional qualifications related to public international law.	[SK4] test/exam - oral or written
	[PRAWOJ5_UU12] He/she acquires knowledge efficiently and develops his/her professional skills using various sources (in native and foreign language) and modern technologies	Student is able to efficiently acquire knowledge and develop his professional skills by utilizing various sources (in both his native and foreign languages) and modern technologies.	[SU4] test/exam - oral or written
	[PRAWOJ5_KO03] He/she is prepared for active participation in groups, organizations and institutions connected with law, is also able to communicate with specialists and non-specialists in the field of law	Student is prepared to actively participate in groups, organizations, and institutions that carry out professional activities related to law, while also being able to communicate with both legal specialists and non-specialists.	[SK4] test/exam - oral or written
	[PRAWOJ5_KK02] He/she is aware of the necessity to widen professional competences and qualifications, to improve skills, is able to indicate the direction of own development and education independently in widened and deepened way	Student is aware of the necessity of expanding his competencies and professional qualifications, as well as improving his skills. He is capable of independently setting directions for his own development and education at an advanced and in-depth level.	[SK4] test/exam - oral or written
	[PRAWOJ5_UK08] The graduate has wide skills to prepare written works connected with the work of a lawyer in Polish and foreign language	Student possesses advanced skills in preparing various written works in both Polish and foreign languages related to his professional activities.	[SU4] test/exam - oral or written

	Course outcome	Subject outcome	Method of verification
	[PRAWOJ5_UO11] He/she can work well in a team and can coordinate the team's work when solving legal problems, interpreting legal acts, and preparing written or oral opinions on a matter.	Student is able to work in a team and can coordinate the team's efforts in solving legal problems, interpreting legal acts, and preparing written or oral positions on a given matter.	[SU4] test/exam - oral or written
	[PRAWOJ5_UW07] He/she has the skills in understanding and analyzing social phenomena and utilizing this analysis in his/her professional work.	Student possesses developed skills in understanding and analyzing social phenomena and utilizes this analysis in his professional work.	[SU4] test/exam - oral or written
	[PRAWOJ5_WG02] He/she knows wide terminology and concepts in the scope of law and connected disciplines	Student is familiar with the terminology and concepts related to law and its associated fields at an advanced level.	[SW4] test/exam - oral or written
	[PRAWOJ5_UW02] The graduate utilizes theoretical knowledge in legal science and the connected academic disciplines to analyze and interpret complex legal issues	Student is able to utilize and integrate theoretical knowledge from the field of law and its related scientific disciplines to analyze and interpret complex legal issues.	[SU4] test/exam - oral or written

Subject contents	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Concept of public international law</li> <li>2. Concept, composition, and characteristics of the international community</li> <li>3. Characteristics of public international law</li> <li>4. Foundations of the binding nature of international law</li> <li>5. Types of sanctions in international law</li> <li>6. Types of norms in international law</li> <li>7. International law vs. domestic law monism and dualism</li> <li>8. Principle of pacta sunt servanda positive and negative aspects</li> <li>9. Position of international law in the legal order of the Republic of Poland</li> <li>10. Sources of international law - concept, types of sources of international law, and their characteristics</li> <li>11. International treaties: concept, types, and characteristics of international treaties as sources of international law</li> <li>12. Methods of ensuring the effectiveness of international law in domestic law</li> <li>13. Procedure for concluding international treaties</li> <li>14. Scope of binding force of international treaties validity of the treaty in time, validity of the treaty in space, subjective scope of the treaty's validity, and substantive scope of the treaty's validity</li> <li>15. Nullity vs. termination of an international treaty</li> <li>16. Grounds for nullity of an international treaty</li> <li>17. Grounds for termination of an international treaty</li> <li>18. Suspension of an international treaty</li> <li>19. Procedure for dealing with cases of nullity and termination of an international treaty</li> <li>20. Reservations to international treaties</li> <li>21. Interpretation of international treaties</li> <li>22. International customary law</li> <li>23. Custom vs. international treaty</li> <li>24. General principles of law as a source of international law</li> <li>25. Resolutions of international organization bodies</li> <li>26. Types of subjects of international law</li> <li>27. Attributes of subjectivity in international law</li> <li>28. Definition of a state and types of states</li> <li>29. Sovereignty and attributes of state sovereignty</li> <li>30. Concept, types, and scope of international responsibility of states</li> <li>31. Subjects of international law other than states</li> <li>32. International recognition</li> <li>33. International organizations concept, types, functions</li> <li>34. Attributes of the subjectivity of international organizations</li> <li>35. Membership in international organizations</li> <li>36. Organs of the United Nations</li> <li>37. Diplomatic methods of resolving international disputes and the differences between them negotiations, good offices, mediation, investigative commissions, conciliation</li> <li>38. Judicial methods of resolving disputes</li> <li>39. International Court of Justice</li> <li>40. Concept of territory</li> <li>41. Territorial sovereignty</li> <li>42. Acquisition and loss of state territory</li> <li>43. State borders</li> <li>44. Maritime areas</li> <li>45. Right of pursuit</li> <li>46. Right of innocent passage</li> <li>47. Methods of acquiring citizenship</li> <li>48. Foreigners, territorial asylum, extradition</li> <li>49. Special missions</li> <li>50. Accreditation of diplomatic representatives</li> <li>51. Functions of diplomatic missions</li> <li>52. Classes and ranks of heads of diplomatic missions and the differences between them</li> <li>53. Diplomatic privileges and immunities</li> <li>54. Diplomatic corps</li> <li>55. Consular relations, establishment of consular relations</li> <li>56. Consular functions</li> <li>57. Consular privileges and immunities</li> <li>58. Classes of heads of consular offices</li> <li>59. Consular corps</li> <li>60. Career and honorary consuls</li> <li>61. Prohibition of war and prohibition of the use of force in international law</li> <li>62. Sanctions in international law</li> <li>63. Concept of aggression</li> <li>64. International humanitarian law essence, sources, and principles</li> <li>65. Legal use of force under international law self-defense, authorization by the UN Security Council</li> <li>66. Vienna Convention on the Law of Treaties</li> <li>67. Vienna Convention on Diplomatic Relations</li> <li>68. Vienna Convention on Consular Relations</li> <li>69. United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea</li> <li>70. Charter of the United Nations</li> <li>71. Statute of the International Court of Justice</li> </ol>								
Prerequisites and co-requisites	none								
Assessment methods and criteria	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 33%;">Subject passing criteria</th> <th style="width: 33%;">Passing threshold</th> <th style="width: 33%;">Percentage of the final grade</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>exam</td> <td>60.0%</td> <td>100.0%</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>			Subject passing criteria	Passing threshold	Percentage of the final grade	exam	60.0%	100.0%
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exam	60.0%	100.0%							
Recommended reading	Basic literature	R. Bierzanek, J. Symonides, Prawo międzynarodowe publiczne, Warszawa. W. Góralczyk, S. Sawicki, Prawo międzynarodowe publiczne w zarysie, Warszawa.							

	Supplementary literature	W. Czapliński, A. Wyrzumska, Prawo międzynarodowe publiczne. Zagadnienia systemowe, Warszawa. M. N. Shaw, International law, Cambridge.
	eResources addresses	Adresy na platformie eNauczanie:
Example issues/ example questions/ tasks being completed		
Work placement	Not applicable	

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