

**Subject card**

<b>Subject name and code</b>	The impact of human activity on the polar regions, PG_00140228						
<b>Field of study</b>	Archaeology						
<b>Date of commencement of studies</b>	October 2024	<b>Academic year of realisation of subject</b>			2024/2025		
<b>Education level</b>	undergraduate studies	<b>Subject group</b>					
<b>Mode of study</b>	full-time studies	<b>Mode of delivery</b>			at the university		
<b>Year of study</b>	1	<b>Language of instruction</b>			Polish		
<b>Semester of study</b>	2	<b>ECTS credits</b>			2.0		
<b>Learning profile</b>	academic	<b>Assessment form</b>					
<b>Conducting unit</b>	Pracownia Biologii Planktonu -> Katedra Biologii Morza i Biotechnologii -> Faculty of Oceanography and Geography -> Rektor						
<b>Name and surname of lecturer (lecturers)</b>	<b>Subject supervisor</b>		dr Anna Panasiuk				
	<b>Teachers</b>						
<b>Lesson types</b>	<b>Lesson type</b>	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Project	Seminar	SUM
	<b>Number of study hours</b>	30.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	30
	E-learning hours included: 0.0						
<b>Learning activity and number of study hours</b>	<b>Learning activity</b>	Participation in didactic classes included in study plan		Participation in consultation hours		Self-study	SUM
	<b>Number of study hours</b>	30		2.0		18.0	50
<b>Subject objectives</b>	Familiarizing students with the specific functioning of marine and ocean ecosystems, including the particularly sensitive polar regions. Presentation of factors that shape and significantly influence the condition of marine environments, including living marine resources. Identifying marine areas that are critically endangered due to changing climatic conditions and increasing human pressure.						
<b>Learning outcomes</b>	<b>Course outcome</b>		<b>Subject outcome</b>			<b>Method of verification</b>	
			Is able to characterize the basics of functioning aquatic ecosystems. Knows the basic concepts and terms used in natural sciences, is able to describe basic concepts in the field of marine sciences and has knowledge about the development of oceanography - lists the most important directions and the latest research methods. Recognizes potential threats to the aquatic environment resulting from the development of civilization, in particular strong anthropopressure in the seas and oceans. Has the ability to draw correct conclusions based on data from various sources			[SK3] text preparation/written work [SK4] test/exam - oral or written	

Subject contents	<p>A.1. Factors shaping the range of occurrence and species diversity of organisms inhabiting the seas and ocean.</p> <p>A.2. The specific functioning of tropical, temperate and polar ecosystem.</p> <p>A.3. Ecological and biological characteristics of cold regions - Antarctica and the Arctic.</p> <p>A.4. Stability of life in the sea - natural threats and those resulting from increasing human pressure and their impact on the range of occurrence and settlement of representatives of marine organism.</p> <p>A.5. Global changes in Earth's climate; the greenhouse effect; ozone hole and their impact on local and global ecosystem.</p> <p>A.6. Polar regions as areas particularly vulnerable to climate change and human activity.</p> <p>A.7. Benefits and consequences of research in polar regions: the impact of polar stations on local ecosystems, protected areas in the Arctic and Antarctic regions.</p> <p>A.8. Exploitation of living resources in the Arctic and Antarctic regions: in the past, today and in the future - the scale of profitability for humans and threats to nature, methods of protecting polar environments.</p>		
Prerequisites and co-requisites			
Assessment methods and criteria	Subject passing criteria	Passing threshold	Percentage of the final grade
	Written work	51.0%	30.0%
	Test	51.0%	70.0%
Recommended reading	<p>Basic literature</p> <p>Demel K. (1974) <i>Życie morza</i>. Wydawnictwo morskie. Gdańsk (in polish).</p> <p>Duxbury A.C., Duxbury A.B., Sverdrup K.A. (2002) <i>Oceany świata</i>, PWN, Warszawa (in polish).</p> <p>Longhurst A. (2007) <i>Ecological geography of the sea</i>. Elsevier, Academic Press, San Diego.</p> <p>Luning K. (1990) <i>Seaweeds, Their environment, biogeography, and ecophysiology</i>. John Wiley &amp; Sons. Inc. New York.</p> <p>Staszyńska A. (2005) <i>Przyczyny i mechanizmy współczesnego (1982-2002) ocieplenia atlantyckiej Arktyki</i>. Wydawnictwo Uczelniane Akademii Morskiej, Gdynia (in polish).</p> <p>Wiktor K., Węśławski J. M., Żmijewska M. I. (1997) <i>Biogeografia Morza</i>, Wyd. UG. Gdańsk (in polish).</p> <p>Winogradowa M. E. (1988) <i>Oceanobiologia: praca zbiorowa. T. 1, Biologiczna struktura oceanu</i>. Państwowe Wydawnictwo Naukowe, Warszawa (in polish).</p>		

	Supplementary literature	<p>Bachmaty C., Legendre P., Desbruyeres D. (2009) Biogeographic relationships among deep-sea hydrothermal vent faunas at global scale. <i>Deep-Sea Research I</i> 56: 1371-1378.</p> <p>Blaxter J. H. S., Southward A. J. (1997) <i>The Biogeography of the Ocean</i>. In: <i>Advances in Marine Biology</i>, Academic Press, San Diego.</p> <p>Gage J. D., Tyler P. A. (1991) <i>DEEP-SEA BIOLOGY: A natural history of organisms at the deep-sea floor</i>. University Press, Cambridge.</p> <p>Holdgate M.W. (1970) <i>Antarctic Ecology</i>. The Scientific Committee on Antarctic Research, Academic Press, London.</p> <p>Knox G.A. (2007) <i>Biology of the Southern Ocean (Second Edition)</i>. CRC Press, Boca Raton.</p> <p>Rakusa-Suszczewski S. (1999) <i>Ekosystem morskiej Antarktyki: zmiany i zmienność</i>. Wydawnictwo Naukowe PWN, Warszawa (in polish).</p> <p>Walczowski W. (2009) <i>Woda atlantycka w morzach nordyckich - właściwości, zmienność, znaczenie klimatyczne</i>. Polska Akademia Nauk. Instytut Oceanologii, Sopot (in polish).</p>
	eResources addresses	Adresy na platformie eNauczanie:
Example issues/ example questions/ tasks being completed	Functioning of marine and ocean ecosystems, including particularly sensitive polar regions, in the face of increasing anthropogenic pressure.	
Work placement	Not applicable	

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