

**Subject card**

<b>Subject name and code</b>	Linear algebra, PG_00143981						
<b>Field of study</b>	Informatics						
<b>Date of commencement of studies</b>	October 2024	<b>Academic year of realisation of subject</b>			2024/2025		
<b>Education level</b>	Bachelor's studies	<b>Subject group</b>			Obligatory subject group in the field of study		
<b>Mode of study</b>	full-time studies	<b>Mode of delivery</b>			at the university		
<b>Year of study</b>	1	<b>Language of instruction</b>			Polish		
<b>Semester of study</b>	2	<b>ECTS credits</b>			5.0		
<b>Learning profile</b>	practical	<b>Assessment form</b>					
<b>Conducting unit</b>							
<b>Name and surname of lecturer (lecturers)</b>	<b>Subject supervisor</b>		dr inż. Magda Dettlaff				
	<b>Teachers</b>		dr inż. Magda Dettlaff mgr Maciej Stankiewicz dr hab. Karol Horodecki dr Felix Huber dr inż. Paweł Mazurek				
<b>Lesson types</b>	<b>Lesson type</b>	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Project	Seminar	SUM
	<b>Number of study hours</b>	30.0	0.0	30.0	0.0	0.0	60
	E-learning hours included: 0.0						
<b>Learning activity and number of study hours</b>	<b>Learning activity</b>	Participation in didactic classes included in study plan	Participation in consultation hours		Self-study	SUM	
	<b>Number of study hours</b>	60	0.0		65.0	125	
<b>Subject objectives</b>	To familiarize the student with complex numbers, matrices, determinants, various methods of solving systems of equations and issues related to linear space and scalar products. Acquiring accounting skills and practice in using these issues.						

Learning outcomes	Course outcome	Subject outcome	Method of verification
	[INFL3_U04] can create, run and test programs using dedicated tools and design patterns	The student is able to use basic IT tools, ex. R, Mathematica, for algebraic calculations.	[SU5] implementation of a problem task [SU6] demonstration of practical skills
	[INFL3_W01] has knowledge in mathematics covering the basics of algebra, discrete mathematics (elements of logic and set theory, combinatorics and graph theory), probabilistic methods	The student knows the basic concepts of linear algebra discussed during the lecture.	[SW4] test/exam - oral or written [SW5] implementation of a problem task
	[INFL3_U01] can apply mathematical knowledge to formulate, analyse and solve tasks related to computer science, design and analyze algorithms in terms of their correctness and computational complexity	Is able to program basic algorithms from linear algebra, ex. calculating the determinant.	[SU5] implementation of a problem task [SU6] demonstration of practical skills
	[INFL3_K02] can precisely formulate questions to deepen his/her own understanding of a given topic or to find missing elements of reasoning	The student is able to use the knowledge acquired during classes to independently solve tasks.	[SK8] observation of student's independent or team work
Subject contents	Complex numbers: canonical and trigonometric forms. Polynomials. Matrices - basic definitions and properties, inverse matrix. Determinants and methods of their calculation. Systems of linear equations - solving methods. Linear space - definitions, properties, vectors in linear space, linearly independent and dependent vectors, dimension and basis of space, dot product.		
Prerequisites and co-requisites			
Assessment methods and criteria	Subject passing criteria	Passing threshold	Percentage of the final grade
	test 1	50.0%	30.0%
	test 2	50.0%	30.0%
	homeworks	0.0%	0.0%
	egzam	50.0%	40.0%
Recommended reading	Basic literature	Jerzy Topp, Algebra liniowa, Wydawnictwo Uniwersytetu Gdańskiego, 2015, Gdańsk  T. Jurlewicz, Z. Skoczyła, Algebra i geometria analityczna. Definicje, twierdzenia, wzory. Oficyna Wydawnicza GiS, Wrocław 2016.  T. Jurlewicz, Z. Skoczyła, Algebra i geometria analityczna. Przykłady i zadania. Oficyna Wydawnicza GiS, Wrocław 2015.	
	Supplementary literature	A. Mostowski, M. Stark, Elementy algebry wyższej, PWN, Warszawa 1963	
	eResources addresses	Adresy na platformie eNauczenie:	
Example issues/ example questions/ tasks being completed	Write the complex number $3+3i$ in trigonometric form, then calculate $(3+3i)^8$  Find the inverse matrix of a given matrix  State Bezout's theorem		
Work placement	Not applicable		

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