

Subject card

Subject name and code	Polish Historical Linguistics - lecture - morphology, PG_00145568						
Field of study	Kashubian Ethno studies						
Date of commencement of studies	October 2024	Academic year of realisation of subject			2025/2026		
Education level	undergraduate studies	Subject group			Obligatory subject group in the field of study		
Mode of study	full-time studies	Mode of delivery			at the university		
Year of study	2	Language of instruction			Polish		
Semester of study	4	ECTS credits			1.0		
Learning profile	practical	Assessment form					
Conducting unit	Zakład Języka Polskiego -> Instytut Filologii Polskiej -> Faculty of Languages						
Name and surname of lecturer (lecturers)	Subject supervisor		dr hab. Lucyna Warda-Radys				
	Teachers						
Lesson types	Lesson type	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Project	Seminar	SUM
	Number of study hours	15.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	15
	E-learning hours included: 0.0						
Learning activity and number of study hours	Learning activity	Participation in didactic classes included in study plan		Participation in consultation hours		Self-study	SUM
	Number of study hours	15		1.0		9.0	25
Subject objectives	To acquaint students with the origins of the Polish language and the basic linguistic processes that have contributed to the formation of modern Polish. To show traces of ancient linguistic processes (in terms of morphology) in modern Polish. To develop skills of diachronic analysis of linguistic phenomena.						
Learning outcomes	Course outcome		Subject outcome		Method of verification		
	[ETNOFL3_U02] has elementary research skills necessary for targeted analysis of linguistic phenomena, especially concerning Polish and Kashubian literary language		He plans and organizes his work in the study of phonetic phenomena in the history of the Polish and Kashubian languages, and critically evaluates its results.		[SU1] oral statement/conversation/discussion [SU4] test/exam - oral or written [SU8] observation of student's independent or team work		
	[ETNOFL3_W03] has advanced knowledge of the history of literary Kashubian in comparison with other Slavic languages oriented to practical use in the chosen educational, cultural or promotional-advertising sphere		He has an extended detailed knowledge of the morphology of Proto-Slavic, Polish and Kashubian languages.		[SW4] test/exam - oral or written		
	[ETNOFL3_K08] Sees the need to take care of national heritage, correctness and purity of language to preserve individual and collective identity, is aware of the complex nature of language and the complexity and historical variability of its meanings		He has the basic skills to study the phenomena of morphology in historical texts in Polish and Kashubian: formulating the problem, analyzing it using appropriate methods and research tools, presenting the results of the analysis.		[SK1] oral statement/conversation/discussion [SK4] test/exam - oral or written [SK8] observation of student's independent or team work		
Subject contents	The inflectional structure of a word in Pto-Indo-European and its transformations. General directions and stages of evolution of Polish inflection (simplifying and complicating tendencies evident in nominative and verbal inflection). Chronology of major inflectional changes. Evolution of noun declension (masculine and neuter and feminine declension, internal inflection). Pronoun variation and its transformations. Simple and complex declension of adjectives. Transformations in the vocabulary of categories and forms of the verb. Present and past participles and their evolution.						
Prerequisites and co-requisites	Prior completion of the course: knowledge of the history of the Polish language - lecture - phonetics (unless in special cases the instructor decides otherwise).						

Assessment methods and criteria	Subject passing criteria	Passing threshold	Percentage of the final grade
	written colloquium	51.0%	80.0%
	active participation in activities	51.0%	20.0%
Recommended reading	Basic literature	K. Długosz-Kurczabowa, S. Dubisz, Gramatyka historyczna języka polskiego, Warszawa 2006(excerpts). S. Rospond, Gramatyka historyczna języka polskiego, Warszawa 1999 (excerpts). Z. Klemensiewicz, T. Lehr-Splawiński, S. Urbańczyk, Gramatyka historyczna języka polskiego, Warszawa 1955 (excerpts).	
	Supplementary literature	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • J. Strutyński, Elementy gramatyki historycznej języka polskiego, Kraków 1998. • W. Kuraszkiewicz, Gramatyka historyczna języka polskiego. Podstawowe wiadomości z wyborem tekstów staropolskich do ćwiczeń, Warszawa 1972. • Z. Stieber, Historyczna i współczesna fonologia języka polskiego, Warszawa 1966. • T. Lehr-Splawiński, Język polski. Pochodzenie, powstanie, rozwój, Warszawa 1978. • D. Podlaska, Gramatyka historyczna języka polskiego z elementami gramatyki języka staro-cerkiewno-słowiańskiego i dialektologii, Słupsk 1996 in. • Teksty staropolskie. Analizy i interpretacje, red. W. Decyk-Zięba i S. Dubisz, Warszawa 2003. • Cz. Bartuła, Podstawowe wiadomości z gramatyki scs na tle porównawczym. any edition. • L. Moszyński, Wstęp do filologii słowiańskiej, Warszawa 1984. • K. Długosz-Kurczabowa, <i>Nowy słownik etymologiczny języka polskiego</i>, Wydawnictwo Naukowe PWN, Warszawa 2003 • A.Piela. Słownik frazeologizmów z archaizmami. Pamiątki z przeszłości. Warszawa 2018. 	
	eResources addresses	Adresy na platformie eNauczanie:	
Example issues/ example questions/ tasks being completed	<p>1. Review the basis of the original division of nouns into declensions and discuss the causes and nature of later changes, along with new criteria for division. 2. present the types and fate of nouns belonging to the Proto-Slavic declension V (consonantal). 3) To what declensions did the Proto-Slavic nouns of masculine genus belong? 4. Discuss the role of the meaning factor in the evolution of D. and B. I.p. (e.g., za mąż) and B. I.pl. masculine nouns.5. Present the fate of dual as an inflectional category and the remnants of dual endings in modern declension. 6. Explain the term demorphologization of the genus? In which cases do we observe this phenomenon? 7. Discuss the background and effects of changes in N. and Mc. I.p. and N. I.pl. of generic pronouns. 8. Explain the sources of suppletives: on : jego :niego : go, etc. 9. Compound declension of the adjective: genesis, syntactic function and simplifying processes.10. Simple declension of the adjective: type of variety, syntactic function, relic forms in modern Polish.11. Discuss the structure and changes in the variety of numerals 50 - 90 and 500 - 900.12. Present the genesis of modern endings of the present tense. 13. Discuss the causes and mechanism of the formation of the conjugation -am, -asz. 14. Discuss the forms of the imperative mode in ps. and stp., (using the example of Bogurodzica). 15. Why is the consonant in the commanding mode soft? 16. Discuss changes in the infinitive and their reasons. 17. Using examples from Kśw and Psfl, retell the construction and evolution of the forms of the compound past tense.18. Show the inflectional activity of the auxiliary word be and the genesis of the forms of the present tense I am, you are....19. Describe the construction of the conditional mode in the stp. and ps. What changes occurred in it later?20. discuss the genesis and development of the future simple and compound tense. 21. Discuss the genesis of today's adjectival participles (active and passive). 22. Discuss the genesis of today's adverbial participles (past and present).</p>		
Work placement	Not applicable		

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