

Subject card

Subject name and code	Mechanisms of intracellular protein transport, PG_00154174						
Field of study	Mechanizmy transportu wewnątrzkomórkowego białek (Wykład)						
Date of commencement of studies	October 2023		Academic year of realisation of subject		2024/2025		
Education level	Master's studies		Subject group				
Mode of study	full-time studies		Mode of delivery		at the university		
Year of study	2		Language of instruction		Polish		
Semester of study	3		ECTS credits		1.0		
Learning profile	academic		Assessment form		credit		
Conducting unit	Laboratory of Intracellular Signalling -> Department of Medical Biology and Genetics -> Faculty of Biology -> Rector						
Name and surname of lecturer (lecturers)	Subject supervisor		dr hab. Monika Słomińska-Wojewódzka				
	Teachers						
Lesson types	Lesson type	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Project	Seminar	SUM
	Number of study hours	15.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	15
	E-learning hours included: 0.0						
Learning activity and number of study hours	Learning activity	Participation in didactic classes included in study plan		Participation in consultation hours		Self-study	SUM
	Number of study hours	15		2.0		8.0	25
Subject objectives	1. Characterization of protein directing sequences. 2. Learning about the main mechanisms of protein transport in the cell. 3. Mechanisms of transmembrane and vesicular transport. 4. Getting acquainted with the mechanisms of quality control of protein folding in the endoplasmic reticulum. 5. Familiarization with selected human diseases associated with impaired intracellular transport of proteins.						
Learning outcomes	Course outcome		Subject outcome		Method of verification		
	[BIOLMU2_W01] the graduate has an in-depth knowledge and understanding of natural phenomena and processes at different levels of complexity		Understands the phenomena and processes involved in intracellular transport of proteins at different levels of complexity.		[SW4] test/egzamin - ustny lub pisemny [SW1] wypowiedź ustna/rozmowa/ dyskusja		
	[BIOLMU2_W05] the graduate understands the dynamic development of the biological sciences and is familiar with new research directions and disciplines		He recognizes the dynamic development of cell biology and the emergence of new lines of research on cell function.		[SW4] test/egzamin - ustny lub pisemny [SW1] wypowiedź ustna/rozmowa/ dyskusja		
	[BIOLMU2_W04] the graduate has an in-depth knowledge of the chosen speciality of biological sciences		He has an in-depth knowledge of the detailed mechanisms of intracellular transport of proteins.		[SW4] test/egzamin - ustny lub pisemny [SW1] wypowiedź ustna/rozmowa/ dyskusja		

Subject contents	General mechanisms of intracellular transport, ways to study protein translocation across membranes. Transport between the nucleus and cytoplasm: nuclear localization signals, structure of the nuclear pore complex, mechanism of transport between the nucleus and cytoplasm. Transport to mitochondria and chloroplasts: signaling sequences, characterization of proteins involved in transport, mechanisms of transport within mitochondrial and chloroplast structures. Transport to peroxisomes: signaling sequences, proteins involved in transport. Bacterial protein export: role of Sec proteins, transport strategies across the inner membrane of Escherichia coli. Transport into the endoplasmic reticulum: signaling sequences, SRP protein, structure of the Sec61 translocon. Major classes of membrane proteins synthesized in the ER. Protein modifications and folding in the endoplasmic reticulum: role of reticular chaperone proteins, protein folding control system, mechanism of response to misfolded proteins. Vesicular intracellular transport: in general, pathways of protein secretion and endocytosis in the cell, techniques to study vesicular transport. Types of vesicle-forming proteins, mechanism of vesicle fusion. Mechanisms of protein transport between the Golgi apparatus and the endoplasmic reticulum and from the Golgi apparatus to lysosomes. Endocytosis: division, mechanisms of uptake of substances by the cell. Exocytosis: protein sorting in TGN, formation of secretory vesicles, exocytosis in polarized cells. Presentation of selected human diseases associated with the different stages of transport.		
Prerequisites and co-requisites	Basic knowledge of cell biology, molecular biology, biochemistry.		
Assessment methods and criteria	Subject passing criteria	Passing threshold	Percentage of the final grade
	test - includes the degree of mastery of the material covered in the lectures in written form	51.0%	100.0%
Recommended reading	Basic literature	1. Molecular Cell Biology, Lodish H., Berk A., Zipursky S.L., Matsudaira P., Baltimore D., Darnell J.E.; W.H. Freeman and Company, 2016 2. Molecular Biology of the Cell, Alberts B., Johnson A., Lewis J., Raff M., Roberts K., Walter P.; 2022 3. Genes VIII, Lewin B., Benjamin Cummings, 2014	
	Supplementary literature	1. Biochemistry, Berg J.M., Stryer L., Tymoczko J.L., Polish edition, PWN, 2019 2. Cytobiochemistry, Klyszejko-Stefanowicz L., PWN 2022 3. Slominska-Wojewodzka M, Gregers TF, Walchli S, Sandvig, K. EDEM Is Involved in Retrotranslocation of Ricin From the Endoplasmic Reticulum to the Cytosol. Mol Biol Cell., 2006,17: 1664-75. 4. Slominska-Wojewodzka M, Sandvig, K. The Role of Lectin-Carbohydrate Interactions in the Regulation of ER-Associated Protein Degradation. Molecules, 2015, 20: 9816-46. 5. Nowakowska-Gołacka J, Sominka H, Sowa-Rogozińska N, Słomińska-Wojewódzka M. Toxins Utilize the Endoplasmic Reticulum-Associated Protein Degradation Pathway in Their Intoxication Process. Int J Mol Sci., 2019, 20 (6).	
	eResources addresses		
Example issues/ example questions/ tasks being completed	What are the general pathways of transmembrane and vesicular transport.		
Work placement	Not applicable		

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