University of Gdańsk

Subject card

Subject name and code	Fundamentals of Jurisprudence - auditorium classes, PG_00197839		
Field of study	Administration		
Date of commencement of studies	October 2026	Academic year of realisation of subject	2026/2027
Education level	Bachelor's studies	Subject group	Obligatory subject group in the field of study Subject group related to scientific research in the field of study
Mode of study	part-time studies	Mode of delivery	at the university
Year of study	1	Language of instruction	Polish
Semester of study	1	ECTS credits	2.0
Learning profile	academic	Assessment form	credit
Conducting unit	Faculty of Law and Administration -> Rector		
Name and surname of lecturer (lecturers)	Subject supervisor	dr Wojciech Jankowski	
	Teachers	mgr Paula Chmielowska	

Lesson types	Lesson type	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Project	Seminar	SUM
	Number of study hours	0.0	15.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	15
	E-learning hours included: 0.0						

Learning activity and number of study hours	Learning activity	Participation in didactic classes included in study plan	Participation in consultation hours	Self-study	SUM
	Number of study hours	15	0.0	35.0	50

Subject objectives	The purpose of the course is to introduce the general knowledge necessary to continue the study of the various branches of law and administration. In the course of the course, students will learn basic legal terminology, the main categories of the theory and philosophy of law, the science of state and dogmatic sciences.

Learning outcomes

Course outcome	Subject outcome	Method of verification
[ADMINL3_U01] drawing upon his/her own knowledge as well as other sources of information — including the ability to use modern technologies and professional methods of acquiring and analysing information — is capable of identifying, analysing, and resolving problems, as well as interpreting phenomena relating to the organization and functioning of public administration, administrative activity, and selected areas of social and economic life.	The student develops competences for the critical analysis and resolution of legal problems.	[SU1] oral statement/conversation/discussion
[ADMINL3_W01] possesses an advanced level of knowledge and understanding of the theories, methods, concepts, and terminology specific to legal sciences as well as the study of administration and politics.	The student identifies the basic concepts and problems of jurisprudence and of the individual legal sciences.	[SW1] oral statement/conversation/discussion
[ADMINL3_K01] being aware of the role of knowledge in solving problems related to the organization and functioning of administration, as well as the application of law in selected domains of social and economic life, they are prepared to critically assess their own knowledge and the content they receive, and also recognize the need to rely on expert knowledge—including doctrinal views and case law—when encountering difficulties in independently resolving a problem.	The student characterises the principles determining the content of the concept of the rule of law and the issues surrounding the institutional guarantees of the rule of law.	[SK1] oral statement/conversation/discussion
[ADMINL3_U04] is able to plan and organize his/her own work and is prepared to actively participate in teams involved in the performance of administrative activities.	The student is able to classify the elements of the text of a normative act and to evaluate the text in the light of the principles of legislative drafting.	[SU1] oral statement/conversation/discussion

Subject contents

The Concept of Jurisprudence and Its Internal Divisions

1. The Science of the State as Part of Jurisprudence
2. Selected Conceptions Related to Law
3. Legal Positivism and Positivist Definitions of Law
4. Law and Other Normative Systems
5. Law-Making
6. Forms of Organising Law. The Legal System
7. Normative Act Law-Making Act Legal Provision Legal Norm
8. Legal Relationship
9. Law in Action

Prerequisites and co-requisites

Assessment methods and criteria

Subject passing criteria	Passing threshold	Percentage of the final grade
	51.0%	100.0%

Recommended reading	Basic literature	J. Zajadło, K. Zeidler (red.), Wstęp do prawoznawstwa, Gdańsk 2023 J. Zajadło (red.), Leksykon współczesnej teorii i filozofii prawa. 100 podstawowych pojec, 2 wyd. Warszawa 2017. J. Zajadło, K. Zeidler (red.), Filozofia prawa w pytaniach i odpowiedziach, Warszawa 2013. J. Zajadło (red.). Łacinska terminologia prawnicza, Warszawa 2020. T. Chauvin, P. Winczorek, T. Stawecki, Wstep do prawoznawstwa, Warszawa 2021 (lub nowsze wydanie). J. Zajadło, K. Zeidler, Philosophy of law, Gdańsk 2016.
	Supplementary literature	T. Chauvin, P. Winczorek, T. Stawecki, Wstep do prawoznawstwa, Warszawa 2019 (lub nowsze wydanie). L. Morawski, Wstęp do prawoznawstwa, TNOiK, Toruń 2016. A. Sylwestrzak, Historia doktryn politycznych i prawnych, LexisNexis 2015. S. Wronkowska, Podstawowe pojecia prawa i prawoznawstwa, Poznan 2005. K. J. Kaleta, A. Kotowski, Podstawy prawoznawstwa, Warszawa 2019. J. Jabłonska- Bonca, Podstawy prawa dla ekonomistów i nie tylko, Warszawa 2007. P. Winczorek, Wstęp do nauki o panstwie, Warszawawa 2000. S. Wronkowska, M. Zielinski, Komentarz do Zasad Techniki Prawodawczej, Warszawa 2012. S. Wronkowska, Z. Ziembinski, Zarys teorii prawa, Poznan 2001. K. Dobrzeniecki, M. Zirk-Korycka, Wstęp do prawoznawstwa. Cwiczenia i materiały, Torun 2017
	eResources addresses	

Example issues/ example questions/ tasks being completed	**The Concept of Jurisprudence and Its Divisions** • What is jurisprudence? What are the main branches of jurisprudence? • What are the fundamental conceptions of the state in jurisprudence? How does the science of the state fit within jurisprudence? • What are the main conceptions of law? Which conception of law is closest to your own understanding of law, and why? • What is legal positivism? What are the basic features of positivist definitions of law? • What are the main differences between law and morality? How does law interact with other normative systems? • How does the legislative process work? What are the main stages of law-making? • What are the main forms of organising law? What is codification of law? • What is the difference between a normative act and a law-making act? What is a legal norm? • What is a legal relationship? What are the elements of a legal relationship? • What are the main challenges associated with the practical application of law? How can the effectiveness of law be measured? • What factors have the greatest influence on compliance with the law? What are the ways of increasing compliance with the law? • What is Community law? What are the main sources of European Union law? • What are the most important Latin terms in law? What is their meaning?
Work placement	Not applicable

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